| Name | Class | |
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| Chantar 25 Avil and Wave | S | |

Chapter 25 Vibrations and Waves

- The energy transferred by a wave from a vibrating source to a receiver is carried by a disturbance in a medium.
- When energy is transferred by a wave from a vibrating source to a distant receiver, there is no transfer of matter between the two points.
- When someone talks to you from across the room, the sound wave is a disturbance in the air that travels across the room.

25.4 Wave Speed

- You can calculate the speed of a wave by multiplying the wavelength by
- The speed of a wave depends on the medium through which the wave moves.
- Sound waves move at speeds of about 330 m/s to 350 m/s in air.
- Whatever the medium, the speed, wavelength, and frequency of the wave are related.
- In equation form, the relationship for wave speed is as follows:

$$v = \lambda f$$

where v is wave speed, λ (Greek letter lambda) is the wavelength, and fis wave frequency.

 Wavelength and frequency vary inversely to produce the same wave speed for all sounds.

25.5 Transverse Waves

- Waves in the stretched strings of musical instruments and the electromagnetic waves that make up radio waves and light are transverse.
- Whenever the motion of the medium is at right angles to the direction in which a wave travels, the wave is a transverse wave.

25.6 Longitudinal Waves

- Sound waves are longitudinal waves.
- When the particles in the medium oscillate parallel to or along the direction of the wave rather than at right angles to it, the wave is a longitudinal wave.

| Nave Motion (pages 49 | 3–494) |
|------------------------------|--|
| cribe the wave that forms a | nd what is transmitted when a stone is |
| pped in a pond. | |
| | |
| unds waves are a(n) | that travels through the air. |
| | |

| | Class — |
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| Name | |
| Chapter 25 Vibrations and Waves 16. Circle the letter of each statement a | bout sound waves in air that is true. |
| 16. Circle the letter of each statement a | |
| a. They carry energy | |
| a. They carry energy.b. Air is the medium they travel the state of the state of | es through the air. |
| b. Air is the medium they travel the c. They are a disturbance that moved. Air molecules are carried along to the company of t | vith the wave. |
| d. Air molecules are curre | |
| 25.4 Wave Speed (pages 495-49) 17. Is the following sentence true or falso the medium through which it travel | e? The speed of a wave depends on |
| 17. Is the following sentence true of the the medium through which it travel | s |
| 18. The speed of cound in air is about — | |
| m/s. | 2 Sound travels faster in air than in |
| 19. Is the following sentence true or fals water. | e: Source |
| 20. Circle the letter of each wave proper | ty that is related. |
| a. speed b. frequency | 8700ng |
| c direction d. wavelength | |
| 21. Describe how to calculate the speed | of a wave. |
| | |
| | to calculate a wave's speed. |
| 22. Circle the letter of the equation used | to calculate a way or 1 |
| a. $v = \lambda p$ b. $v = \lambda t$ | |
| c. $v = \lambda f$ d. $v = \lambda a$ | ton used to represent wavelength. |
| 23. The Greek letter is o | 2. The equation for calculating the |
| 24. Is the following sentence true or false speed of a wave does not apply to lig | nt waves. |
| 25. Describe how wavelength and freque | ncy are related for sound waves. |
| 25.5 Transverse Waves (pages 4 | 97) |
| 26. Circle the letter that best describes a tr | |
| a. The medium does not vibrate. | |
| b. The medium vibrates at right angle | es to the direction the wave |
| travels. | |
| c. The medium vibrates in the same d | irection the wave travels. |
| d. A sound wave. | |
| 27. Circle the letter of each example of a tr | ansverse wave. |
| a. waves in the strings of instruments | |
| b. radio waves | |
| c. light waves | |

d. sound waves

| Name —— | | Class | Date |
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| Chapter 25 | Vibrations and Wa | aves | |
| 25.6 Lon | gitudinal Wave | | hen a longitudinal |
| a Identify | an example of a long the types of waves ton below. | gitudinal wave? formed in part (a) and p | eart (b) of the |
| a. —— | | b | |
| a (| | | |
| b (| | WAVELENGTH | |